

ANNEX A

# Guidance on the Recruitment and Employment of Casual Workers

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# **Purpose**

The purpose of this guidance is to provide recruiting officers and managers with advice and guidance on the use of casual workers within the Council and the circumstances when the contract for services should be used.

# **Casual Workers: Contract for Services**

This type of contract is based on the understanding that:

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- The Council is under no obligation to provide any work and is able to withdraw any work offered at any time and without notice.
- The Worker is under no obligation to accept any work offered and is able to withdraw from any work previously accepted at any time and without notice.
- The Council will endeavour to provide reasonable notice when agreed shifts are cancelled.
- "At any time and without notice" includes during an agreed assignment. The Council will be required to pay the casual worker only for the hours actually worked, regardless of who withdrew from the assignment or when it occurred.

Managers must ensure that casual workers who exercise their right to refuse or withdraw from work are not subjected to detriment as a result of doing so. It is recommended that casual workers should only be used when there is a need to cover ad-hoc periods for events, or short-term occasional absence, and where the work undertaken as part of their assignment is not critical to service delivery.

Managers should regularly review casual worker arrangements to check whether it would be more appropriate to seek approval to recruit an employee on either a permanent or fixed term basis.

Casual workers should only be used when there is a need to cover ad hoc periods or a one-off absence/event up to a maximum of 11 weeks'. For example:

- To cover the first or second day of sickness absence of an existing employee for a period that initially is indeterminate. When it is known how long the sickness absence will be e.g. 12 weeks or more, a fixed term contract should then be used.
- To cover a short period of other absence e.g. less than 11 weeks. Longer periods of absence, e.g. 12 weeks or more, should be covered by a fixed term contract.

Crucially with this type of contract both parties can withdraw from it at any time without notice

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## **Advertising**

Managers must obtain prior permission from their relevant Head of Service to appoint a casual worker using the Recruitment Approval Request Form.

It is recommended that in circumstances where managers use casual workers on a regular basis that they periodically advertise and appoint casual workers they can call upon as and when required.

Where managers require a number of casual workers to carry out a specific piece of work, it is recommended for the post(s) to be advertised.

In circumstances where managers only require an occasional casual worker, it may not always be necessary to advertise. Managers may seek to arrange this locally or approach Job Centres to identify any suitable candidates.

#### **Additional Factors**

These will need to be identified in the role profile and advert, as appropriate. The manager should establish whether:

- The post is politically restricted.
- A Disclosure and Barring Service check will be required.
- The post will fall within the scope of the public sector English fluency duty.

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# Recruitment

The general principles contained in the <u>Recruitment and Selection Guidance</u> must be followed when recruiting a casual worker. The manager must decide dependent on the length of time the casual worker is required (up to a maximum of 11 weeks'), the nature of the post and any other risk factors, to what degree the recruitment process is followed.

Managers are advised to interview the individual(s) to assess that they have necessary skills and experience and are competent to carry out the role. This should include checking whether there have been any gaps in their employment history. If any gaps are identified, the reasons for these should be established. It is also important to assess whether they have an understanding of the role being offered and that they are suitable for the role.

If an applicant has previously worked within the advertised role then it may not be necessary to go through all of the above, the manager will however need to ensure

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they are satisfied that the applicant is able to perform the role to the required standard

In order to comply with safer recruitment requirements, individuals appointed to be engaged in casual roles that are designated as a <u>'regulated activity'</u> and/or falling within the scope of the public sector English frequency duty <u>must</u> be interviewed prior to their appointment to ensure that they meet the essential requirements of, and are suitable to undertake the duties of, the role.

Managers should refer to the <u>Recruitment and Selection Guidance</u> for further information.

Managers must follow the steps below:

#### For new casual workers

Managers must consider whether it is appropriate to use a casual worker by referring to this guidance. If the work to be undertaken constitutes <u>casual work</u>, the manager should complete the <u>Recruitment</u> Approval Request Form and submit this to their Head of Service for approval. If approval is granted, the manager should determine the recruitment process to be followed. When an appointment has been made, the manager should complete the new starter e-form and forward this to HR, who will then issue a contract for services to the casual worker.

#### Former casual workers

Manager wishing to use a former casual worker will need to ensure that a <u>casual contract</u> is the most appropriate in line with this guidance. If the work available does constitute a <u>casual contract</u> they will need to complete the new starter e-form as a contract for services needs to be issued to ensure that all former casual workers have received the correct contract.

#### For new and former casual workers

- Casual workers (new and former) will receive one contract for services for each role that they work on a casual basis. For example, if an individual works as a Sports Coach and a Clerical Assistant on a casual basis, they should receive a separate contract for services for both of these roles.
- 2) When managers engage the casual worker again for the same role, they are required to complete another new starter e-form.
- 3) If the work undertaken is in a role designated as a <u>'regulated activity'</u> managers must ensure that if the worker has not been used within the last 3 months a new DBS check is carried out.

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- 4) The manager is responsible for advising the worker of the hourly rate of the assignment that they will be undertaking prior to the start of the assignment.
- 5) Casual workers are required to complete the casual workers monthly claim form, which must be approved by their line manager before being submitted for payment. Hours worked must be correctly entered in the plain time column, the timesheet is fully completed with the payroll reference number and then submitted to Payroll by the payroll deadline calendar.

If after reading this guidance, it is felt that a temporary/fixed term or permanent contract would be more appropriate then managers must obtain permission from their Head of Service through the Recruitment Approval Request Form. If approval is granted, the manager should determine the recruitment process to be followed. When an appointment has been made, the manager should complete the new starter e-form and forward this to HR, who will then issue a contract to the employee.

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## **Pre-Engagement Checks**

The manager must ensure that the necessary pre-engagement checks are completed for each casual worker. Managers MUST ensure that the <a href="New Appointment Checklist">New Appointment Checklist</a> is completed and all the required documentation (including the checklist) are collated before being sent to HR.

Casual workers must not be offered any work unless the necessary pre-engagement checks have been satisfactorily completed. In particular, it is a <u>criminal offence to employ or engage someone who does not have the right to work in the UK – if a casual worker cannot fully demonstrate they have this right, they must not be engaged.</u>

The minimum pre-engagement checks for casual workers reflect those which apply to newly-appointed employees, specifically:

- Eligibility to Work in the UK (Prevention of Illegal Working Guidance)
- Proof of Identity / Qualifications / Professional Registrations
- Two Satisfactory Written References (one from current or most recent employer)
- Disclosure and Barring Service Check (if applicable)
- Childcare Disqualification Declaration Form (if applicable).

Where a casual worker has not undertaken any assignments for the council for at least 3 months, and is to be engaged in a role which is designated as 'regulated'

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<u>activity'</u> a further Disclosure and Barring Service Check must be carried out before any further work can be offered to them. Depending upon the circumstances, it may also be necessary to carry out some of the preengagement checks again, e.g., if the casual worker has not completed any assignments for an extended period of time or has been employed or engaged by another organisation in the intervening period.

## **Termination of a Casual Contract**

Once the casual worker completes an assignment they will be treated as a leaver. Their payroll record will be closed, and they may be issued with a P45. Payroll / HR can also make a casual worker a leaver if requested by the casual worker or the service manager. The service manager will be required to complete a leavers e-form for this to be implemented.

If the casual worker is subsequently re-engaged, they must be considered to be a new casual worker and a new contract for services will be issued once the necessary pre-engagement checks have been completed again.

Please refer to appendix A for <u>pre-engagement checks that are required to be</u> carried out for a casual worker who is subsequently re-engaged.

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### **Annual Leave**

Casual workers are entitled to the statutory minimum holiday, currently 28 days (FTE equivalent), which includes bank and public holidays per calendar year.

The Council's holiday year runs between 1st June and 31st May.

Due to the nature of casual work, it is recognised that it can be difficult for casual workers to take their leave, therefore, casual workers will automatically be paid any leave owing to them at the end of each assignment / contract.

Managers must be aware that employment law allows casual workers the right to take leave during any period they have agreed to work. It is recognised that this is not always practical, but as it is a legal requirement it is necessary to permit this if requested by the casual worker.

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## Pay

The rate of pay for casual workers should be the same as the minimum of the scale for the job they are carrying out.

The worker will not be entitled to incremental progression but will receive increases to their hourly rate based upon any nationally agreed increases to the spinal column point.

Casual workers with the exception of Bank Holidays will receive plain time for all hours worked including Saturday and Sunday.

For hours worked on a bank holiday a casual worker will receive double time.

## Pension

Casual workers may join the Local Government Pension Scheme and will be automatically enrolled if their assignment is extended and therefore continues for longer than three months, and the employee is under 75 years of age.

Pension auto enrolment legislation requires that employees who meet certain criteria are automatically enrolled into an employers pension scheme, for this position this will be the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). As casual workers will initially be offered an assignment for a maximum duration of 11 weeks, we are making the decision, as this legislation allows, to postpone a casual workers enrolment into the LGPS.

Casual workers who do not wish to continue to be members of the Local Government Pension Scheme may opt out at any time by following the instructions on the Leicestershire County Council Pension Fund website.

However, a casual worker has the right to opt to join the Local Government Pension Scheme from the commencement of their contract and should notify payroll services if they wish to take this option.

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## **Sickness**

Casual workers are not entitled to occupational sick pay. However, where a casual worker falls ill on a day when they were due to work, this must not be recorded as sickness absence and the manager must ensure the casual worker does not claim for any hours not worked.

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## **Continuous Service**

Each offer of work by the Council shall be treated as an entirely separate and severable engagement (an assignment). There shall be no relationship between the parties after the end of one assignment and before the start of any subsequent assignment.

Undertaking more than one assignment should not be regarded as establishing an entitlement to regular work or confirming continuity of employment.

## **Record Retention**

The manager is responsible for collating all of the appropriate documentation and sending to HR, together with the completed New Appointment Checklist.

The manager must also record the start and end dates of a casual worker assignment so that the length of time between assignments can be determined to identify whether any additional checks are required before a casual worker can be offered further assignments / contracts.

For posts designated as a 'regulated activity', the manager must retain evidence of the DBS Disclosure number and the date the certificate was issued, but must not retain the original certificate or make a copy of it. Managers should refer to the Guidance on the Retention of DBS Disclosure Certificate Information for more information.

To ensure that a contract is issued and payment is made to the employee a copy of the New Appointment Checklist must be sent to HR.

A casual worker will be made a leaver at the end of each assignment unless management under exceptional circumstances extend the casual assignment / contract.. If after this period a previously used worker is re-engaged, they will be

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treated as a new casual worker meaning that the necessary <u>pre-employment checks</u> detailed in appendix A below must be adhered to.

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# Appendix A – Recruiting Casual Staff (Non-Regulated Activity

### **Recruiting New Casual Worker**

- Obtain a permission to recruit form signed by the Head of Service.
- Complete advert request e-form.
- Individual has to complete online application form.
- Manager to shortlist and follow interview process.
- Complete interview selection e-form.
- Complete selection outcome e-form following verbal offer to successful candidate(s).
- Send for 2 x references.
- Obtain ID and RTW (Right to Work) documents (you must see the originals)
  Eg: Passport and recent utility bill/bank statement detailing current address.
- Complete Appointee checklist and forward to HR with references and ID/RTW copies signed and verified that original documents were seen.
- Pre-medical questionnaire (if applicable).
- Then complete the new starter e-form.

HR will then obtain fit for work approval if applicable, issue contract, send bank form etc and input to i-Trent.

#### Recruiting Former Casual Worker (within 6 months after leaving CBC)

- Obtain a permission to recruit form signed by the Head of Service.
- Individual has to forward a copy their CV.
- RTW (Right to Work) documents (you must see the originals).
- Complete Appointee checklist and forward to HR RTW document copies signed and verified that original documents were seen.
- Then complete the new starter e-form.

HR will then obtain fit for work approval if applicable, issue contract, send bank form etc and input to Trent.

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